

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION

OF

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FOR

LAUNDRY DRIER

[0001] This application claims the benefit of Korean Application No. 10-2002-0078288 filed on December 10, 2002, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 Field of the Invention

[0002] The present invention relates to a laundry drier, and more particularly, to laundry drier having an apparatus for preventing a gap between a blower housing and connection duct of a blower assembly.

Discussion of the Related Art

10 [0003] Generally speaking, a laundry drier is an apparatus for drying wet objects, e.g., clothes, after completion of a washing cycle or the like. A general laundry drier is shown in FIG. 1, while a blower assembly of such a laundry drier is illustrated in FIG. 2.

[0004] Referring to FIGS. 1 and 2, a laundry drier body B is comprised of a base 1 forming a bottom, a front cabinet 2 forming a front side, a pair of opposing lateral cabinet
15 sides 3, a back cover 4 forming a rear side, a top cover 5 installed on an upper part of the laundry drier body B, and a control panel 6 on a rear end of the top cover 5. A laundry drier typically includes an entrance in the front cabinet 2 constructing the body B for accessing the laundry, and a door 10 corresponding to the entrance is installed at the front cabinet 2. A
20 drum (not shown) is rotatably installed within the body B to rotate by receiving a driving force of a motor (not shown). Communicating with the interior of the drum are separate passages (not shown) for respectively supplying and discharging hot air, and a heater (not shown) for heating air flowing from an external environment of the laundry drier is mounted in the hot air supply passage. A blower 7 housed in a blower housing 7a is installed in the hot air discharge passage to generate a blowing force for forcibly guiding the heated air into

the drum for a drying step and for expelling the used air from the body B. A filter cover 8 having an air intake opening 800 and a connection duct 9 connected to the filter cover 8 are provided in the hot air discharge passage between the drum and the blower 7. A lint filter 11 is loaded inside the connection duct 9.

5 **[0005]** In the operation of the above-constituted laundry drier according to the related art, with an object to be dried placed in the drum, a drying step is executed whereby the heater and motor are actuated. As an exhaust fan starts operating, external air having been led into the body B via an intake side of the hot air supply passage passes through the heater to be heated to generate hot air. The hot air is then forcibly led into the drum via the hot air
10 supply passage. The hot air in the drum evaporates the water content of the object to be dried, using a negative blowing force of the discharge fan to be discharged outside the body B, and such a circulation is repeated. Specifically, the air in the drum flows via the air intake opening 800 formed in the filter cover 8 to pass through the lint filter 11 and then flows in the blower 7, while the drum rotates at low speed by receiving the driving force of the motor via a
15 belt. Accordingly, a wet object is dried.

[0006] In the related art laundry drier, however, vibration and the like, which are inherently generated while the laundry drier operates and during normal usage, creates a gap (separation) between a blower housing 7a of the blower 7 and the connection duct 9. The gap allows an ancillary air flow, as represented by the arrows of FIG. 2, which degrades a
20 blowing efficiency of the blower 7 and in turn reduces drying efficiency and impedes drier performance.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] Accordingly, the present invention is directed to a laundry drier that

substantially obviates one or more of the problems due to limitations and disadvantages of the related art.

[0008] An object of the present invention, which has been devised to solve the foregoing problem, lies in providing a laundry drier having an apparatus for preventing a gap
5 between a blower housing and a connection duct, which blocks an ancillary air flow to prevent a degradation in drying efficiency and drier performance.

[0009] Additional features and advantages of the invention will be set forth in the description which follows, and in part will be apparent to those having ordinary skill in the art upon examination of the following or may be learned from a practice of the invention. The
10 objectives and other advantages of the invention will be realized and attained by the subject matter particularly pointed out in the specification and claims hereof as well as in the appended drawings.

[0010] To achieve these objects and other advantages in accordance with the present invention, as embodied and broadly described herein, there is provided an apparatus for
15 preventing a gap between a blower housing and a connection duct in a laundry drier including a base forming a bottom of a body, a front cabinet forming a front side of the body, a pair of opposing lateral cabinet sides, a back cover forming a rear side of the body, a top cover installed on an upper part of the body, a filter cover installed in rear of the front cabinet, a connection duct having an entrance side connected to the filter cover, and a blower installed to
20 be connected to an exit side of the connection duct. The apparatus comprises a pressing member provided between the front cabinet and the connection duct to push the connection duct toward the blower to make the connection duct adhere closely to the blower housing.

[0011] It is to be understood that both the foregoing explanation and the following detailed description of the present invention are exemplary and illustrative and are intended to

provide further explanation of the invention as claimed.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0012] The accompanying drawings, which are included to provide a further
5 understanding of the invention and are incorporated in and constitute a part of this application,
illustrate embodiment(s) of the invention and together with the description serve to explain
the principle of the invention. In the drawings:

[0013] FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an exterior of a general laundry drier;

[0014] FIG. 2 is a cross-sectional view of a laundry drier according to a related art;

10 and

[0015] FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view of a laundry drier according to the present
invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

15 [0016] Reference will now be made in detail to the preferred embodiments of the
present invention, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings.
Throughout the drawings, like elements are indicated using the same or similar reference
designations where possible.

[0017] FIG. 3 illustrates a laundry drier according to the present invention.

20 [0018] A laundry drier according to the present invention comprises a base 1 forming
a bottom of a body B, a front cabinet 2 forming a front side of the body B, a pair of opposing
lateral cabinet sides 3, a back cover 4 forming a rear side of the body B, a top cover 5
installed on an upper part of the laundry drier body B, a filter cover 8 installed in rear of the
front cabinet 2, a connection duct 9 having an entrance side connected to the filter cover 8, a

blower 7 installed to be connected to an exit side of the connection duct 9, and an apparatus for preventing a gap between a blower housing 7a and the connection duct 9. The apparatus of the present invention includes a pressing member 13 provided between the front cabinet 2 and the connection duct 9 to push the connection duct 9 toward the blower 7 to make the connection duct 9 adhere closely to the blower housing 7a.

[0019] The pressing member 13 is preferably formed of an elastic body giving a pushing force F, attributed to an elastic restoration force of the elastic body itself, to the connection duct 9 when receiving elasticity to be compressed between the front cabinet 2 and the connection duct 9. For instance, the elastic body may be made of a rubber. As an alternative to the elastic body, the pressing member 13 may be embodied as an elastic member such as a coil spring or a plate spring having a form giving the elasticity.

[0020] According to another embodiment, the pressing member 13 may be formed of a non-elastic body having a thickness slightly greater than an interval between the front cabinet 2 and the connection duct 9 when the connection duct 9 is brought into tight contact with the blower housing 7a.

[0021] The pressing member 13 may be attached to either the front cabinet 2 or the connection duct 9. Attachment to the front cabinet 2 is preferable if the pressing member 13 is an elastic body, and attachment to the connection duct 9 is preferable if the pressing member 13 is a non-elastic body.

[0022] In the operation of the above-constructed laundry drier according to the present invention, air inside the drum flows through the air intake opening 800 of the filter cover 8 to pass through the lint filter 11 and then flows in the blower 7 along the connection duct 9. The pressing member 13, installed between the front cabinet 2 and the connection duct 9 to push the connection duct 9 toward the blower 7, closes a gap between the connection

duct 9 and the blower housing 7a of the blower 7.

[0023] The laundry drier according to the present invention employs the pressing member 13, which is formed of an elastic body giving a pushing force attributed to an elastic restoration force to the connection duct 9 when receiving elasticity to be compressed between
5 the front cabinet 2 and the connection duct 9, or of a non-elastic body having a thickness greater than an interval between the front cabinet 2 and the connection duct 9 when the connection duct 9 is brought tight contact with the blower housing 7a, whereby the connection duct 9 always adheres closely to the blower housing 7a of the blower 7 to prevent the creation of a gap resulting from vibrations generated while the laundry drier operates and
10 during normal usage. Thus, an ancillary air intake through such a gap, which flows toward the blower 7 through the gap from elsewhere in the laundry drier instead of from the drum, is cut off to enhance drying efficiency and drier performance

[0024] It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made in the present invention without departing from the spirit or scope of
15 the invention. Thus, it is intended that the present invention cover such modifications and variations, provided they come within the scope of the appended claims and their equivalents.